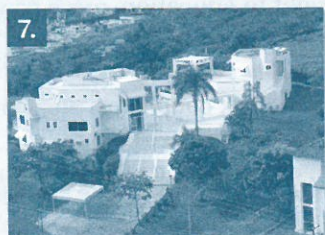
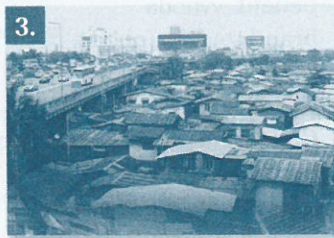


SPEAKING TASKS

1. **PICTURE WORK.** Describe what you think life is like in the following places. What are the advantages and disadvantages? Compare. Where would you like to live? Why? Have you ever been to a place where you'd never like to go back again? Why? Where's the best place you've ever been?



2. **PRESENTATION.** Imagine that you are a tour guide. Show a group of tourists around your town (or the centre of your town). Describe the way you are going and give them some extra information about the most important sights.

3. **PAIRWORK.** Think of a place in your town and give your partner directions how to get there without mentioning the place itself. Your partner must guess where he/she is going. Take turns and see who gets more correct answers.

WRITTEN TASKS

1. **GIVING DIRECTIONS.** Fill each gap with one suitable word.

- The cinema is opposite the bank, you can't _____ it.
- I'm going there myself. Come with me and I'll _____ you the way.
- The museum is half-_____ down this street.
- Just go _____ on until you see the church on your left.
- The dry-cleaner's is right _____ to the public library.
- It's quite a long _____ away, you should take a tram.
- _____ the second turning to the right.
- Excuse me, could you tell me how I can _____ to the post office?
- Walk up this street, then _____ left, and you'll see the restaurant right in front of you.
- The language school is on the _____ of Churchill Street and Oxford Road.

2. **POSITIVE ASPECTS OF CITY LIFE.** Use each word only once to complete the sentences.

pedestrian amenities location lanes heritage storey reach reconstruction street precinct

- His office has a really convenient _____ – it's only a short walk away from the bus station.
- The stadium is within easy _____ of the railway station.
- I get around on my bike. Luckily, there are lots of cycle _____ in the city centre.
- They've just built a multi-_____ car park near the park, so that should solve part of the problem.
- Ever since they opened that out-of-town shopping centre, it's been much more pleasant in the shopping _____ on Friday afternoons.
- The hostel is close to local _____ like the swimming pool, the gym and the bowling alley.
- It's a good job they've turned this street into a _____ zone. There was far too much traffic here before.
- Lots of historical buildings are under _____ at the moment, which I consider a good sign – at least somebody cares about what this place looks like.
- They're opening a new clothes shop in the high _____ tomorrow. Do you want to have a look?
- Westminster Abbey is a UNESCO World _____ Site.

3. PROBLEMS IN CITIES. Fill in the missing vowels and complete the sentences.

V NDALS POLL T ON UNINH BIT BLE OV RCROWD D
 SL MS P VEM NT STRE T REN VAT NG P CKED
 INFR STRUCT R

- I don't think the _____ of the city is good enough for the Olympics to be held there.
- They should close down that factory because the air _____ is really unbearable.
- I would hate to live in a/an _____ metropolis. I'm just fine in this sleepy little town.
- The police have introduced several measures to fight the increasing _____ crime.
- They really should ban traffic from our street. It's so narrow that you don't feel safe even on the _____.
- These old terraced houses are absolutely _____. They should have been pulled down a long time ago.
- It must be horrible to live in those _____ with no heating or running water.
- The building of my school is quite shabby and it badly needs _____, but nobody has the funds.
- I know public transport has its advantages, but I still hate it when people are _____ like sardines in the rush hour.
- The building is dilapidated as it is, I don't see why those _____ should make it even worse by spraying graffiti all over it.

4. WORD SEARCH – PARTS OF A CITY. Find the missing words in the grid and fill them in the gaps in the following sentences. The first letter of each word has been filled in.

C	E	L	E	B	I	S	I	N	A	T	R
H	U	M	U	S	N	O	N	P	H	I	L
B	R	E	S	I	D	E	N	T	I	A	L
A	B	C	E	N	U	J	E	A	G	Z	O
N	A	A	P	F	S	W	R	O	H	B	O
D	N	A	O	U	T	S	K	I	R	T	S
I	N	D	I	M	R	A	P	R	I	E	U
T	S	K	Y	L	I	N	E	D	S	O	B
K	N	O	S	I	A	X	Q	U	E	M	U
O	U	R	L	A	L	Y	U	M	K	A	R
T	T	C	O	U	N	C	I	L	W	E	B
H	S	Y	P	Y	E	S	T	A	T	E	N



- I grew up in a _____ quite a long way from the centre.
- There are many new production facilities in the _____ zone just outside town.
- I don't feel like moving to a housing _____, but I don't think I have a choice.
- The phrase " _____ city" is not necessarily synonymous with a "ghetto".
- The only reason I live in a _____ flat is that the rent is so incredibly low.
- They must be rolling in money. They've just build a villa on the _____ of Rome.
- I've lived in a quiet _____ area all my life, so I can't imagine how noisy it can be near a busy road.
- There are many office blocks and other _____ buildings in the City.
- She sent me a postcard showing the _____ of Manhattan. All those skyscrapers look absolutely amazing.
- Stories about alligators living in New York City's sewers are nothing but _____ legends.

5. MISSING VOWELS. Street names in English can contain many different words, not just "street" or "square". See if you can fill in the missing vowels and complete the words.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. R _____ D _____ | 6. C _____ RC _____ S _____ |
| 2. _____ LL _____ Y _____ | 7. B _____ L _____ V _____ RD _____ |
| 3. L _____ N _____ | 8. CR _____ SC _____ NT _____ |
| 4. W _____ Y _____ | 9. DR _____ V _____ |
| 5. R _____ W _____ | 10. T _____ RR _____ C _____ |

6. TWO-WORD PHRASES – SMALL TOWNS AND VILLAGES. Choose a suitable beginning or ending to complete the compound word in each gap.

Beginnings:	Endings:
open-air rural combine	carriages lane farm green
organic	council centre

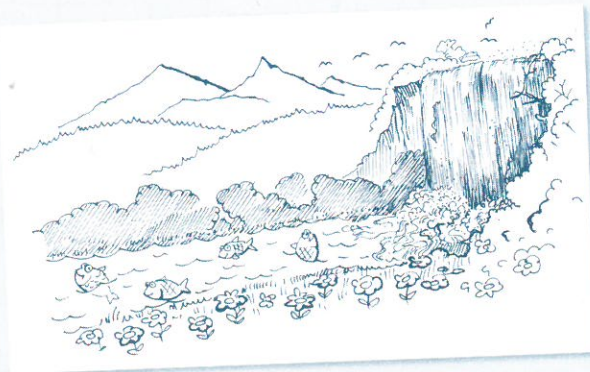
- They live in a backward _____ area where there is no industry whatsoever.
- My grandparents used to work in a vineyard which belonged to the local _____ collective.
- The only way to get to this isolated village is on a deserted _____ country.
- The fair is held on the _____ village _____ on the second Sunday in June every year.

- They decided to grow crops in a huge field, so they bought a tractor, a trailer and a _____ harvester .
- The fancy-dress ball will take place at the community _____ next Saturday.
- In the _____ museum , you can see log cabins in which people used to live about a hundred years ago.
- The members of the local _____ decided to rename a few streets.
- You hardly ever see horse-drawn _____ these days. Most people have cars or other motor vehicles.
- They grow _____ vegetables without chemical fertilizers or pesticides, but they struggle a lot with weeds and vermin.

7. THE COUNTRYSIDE. Use each word only once and complete the sentences.

meadow path stream rapids chalet hill reserve desert coast forest

- After walking through a thick wood for two hours, we came to a beautiful _____ full of wildflowers.
- We are in the highlands, so of course we'll have to walk up another _____. What were you thinking?
- There's a hiking _____ that leads all the way up to the top of the mountain.
- We spent the night in a _____, which was no luxury, but at least we had a roof over our heads.
- There is a small uninhabited island about half a mile off the _____.
- Most of the trees in the _____ were covered with moss, which also helped us work out which way to go.
- I don't see how people can survive in a _____. There's only sand everywhere.
- I found the white water of the _____ absolutely breathtaking, but I didn't dare to get into the raft.
- A small _____ full of fish flows through the valley.
- The whole area is a nature _____ with lots of protected species of plants and animals.



VOCABULARY

- | | |
|---|--|
| alley alej, ulička (v názvech ulic) | lane cesta, ulička (též v názvech) |
| amenities zařízení pro pohodlí veřejnosti | local council obecní zastupitelstvo |
| backward zaostalý | log cabin srub |
| ban traffic from zakázat auta/vjezd | meadow louka |
| bowling alley kuželářská dráha | measures opatření |
| breathtaking dech beroucí | moss mech |
| chalet horská chata/bouda | multi-storey vícepodlažní |
| circus kruhové náměstí (v názvech) | narrow úzký |
| coast pobřeží | open-air museum skanzen |
| collective farm zemědělské družstvo | organic vegetables biozelenina |
| combine harvester kombajn | out-of-town mimo město |
| community centre společenské centrum, kulturní dům | outskirts; on the ~ na okraji (města) |
| consider považovat | over-crowded přelidněný, přečpaný |
| convenient výhodný, pohodlný, vyhovující, co se hodí | packed namačkaný, přečpaný |
| council flat obecní byt | path stezka |
| crescent „ulice“ (v názvech) | pavement chodník |
| crops plodiny, úroda | pedestrian chodec |
| desert poušť | pollution znečištění |
| deserted opuštěný | precinct; shopping ~ nákupní čtvrt |
| dilapidated zchátralý | production facilities výrobní zařízení |
| directions; give ~ vysvětlit cestu, poskytnout instrukce | protected species chráněný druh |
| drive „ulice“ (v názvech) | pull down zbourat |
| fair pouť, trh | rapids peřeje |
| fancy-dress ball maškarní ples | reach; within easy ~ of lehce přístupný |
| far too much až příliš (moc) | rename přejmenovat |
| fertilizer hnojivo | reserve; nature ~ oblast chráněné přírody |
| field pole | residential area obytná čtvrt |
| funds finance, peněžní prostředky | (be) rolling in money být velmi bohatý |
| get around pohybovat se, jezdit (např. ve městě) | roof střecha |
| half-way down do půlky, v půlce | row „ulice“ (v názvech); řada |
| heritage dědictví | running water tekoucí voda |
| highlands vysočina | rural area venkovská oblast |
| high-rise výškový | sewer kanál |
| (the) high street hlavní třída ve městě | shabby ošumělý, ošoupaný |
| horse-drawn carriage kočár tažený koňmi | sights pamětihodnosti |
| housing estate sídliště | skyline panorama, silueta města |
| incredibly neuvěřitelně | skyscraper mrakodrap |
| industrial zone průmyslová zóna | slum chudinská čtvrt |
| inner city střední část města, zejm. oblasti, kde žijí chudí | stream potok |
| | street crime pouliční zločin |
| | struggle with bojovat, zápasit s |
| | suburb předměstí |
| | survive přežít |

terrace „ulice“ (v názvech); řada domů
 terraced house řadový dům
 trailer přívěs, přívěsný vozík
 turning odbočka
 unbearable nesnesitelný
 uninhabitable neobyvatelný
 uninhabited neobydlený
 urban legend městská legenda

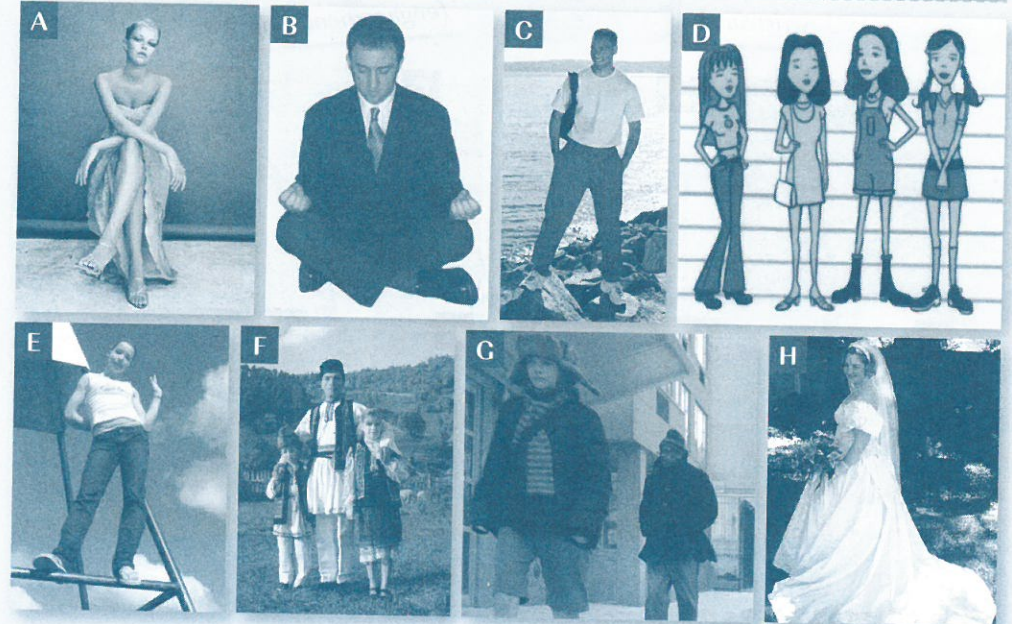
valley údolí
 vermin škodná, havěť, hmyz
 village green náves, obecní trávník
 vineyard vinice
 way „ulice“ (v názvech)
 weed plevel
 whatsoever vůbec žádný (pro důraz)

21. CLOTHES AND FASHION

další cvičení k tématu
 viz Odmaturuj z anglického jazyka 2
 kapitola 1

SPEAKING TASKS

1. PICTURE WORK. Describe what these people are wearing and compare their clothes to what's in your wardrobe. (When) do you wear clothes like these?



2. PRESENTATION. OPTION A: If you are interested in fashion, make a presentation about what's "in" and what's "out" this season. What's the latest craze? OPTION B: If you are not interested in fashion, describe one of the other students' clothes and accessories in detail so that the others can guess who you are talking about. Say if you would change anything to make him/her look more fashionable. If you are working alone, describe what you are wearing.

3. ROLE-PLAY. STUDENT A: You work as a shop assistant at a clothes shop for young people. Be prepared to help one of your customers.

STUDENT B: You are in a clothes shop as a customer and want to buy a complete outfit including accessories. Ask the shop assistant to help you.

