

For questions 1-15, read the text below and decide which word A, B, C or D best fits each space. There is an example at the beginning (0). Mark your answers in the answer boxes provided.

"Lewis Carroll" (1832 - 1898)

Charles Dodgson is best (0) B, under his pen name of Lewis Carroll, for writing the children's book *Alice in Wonderland* and its (1) C, *Through the Looking Glass*, which have been enjoyed by children and adults (2) D for many years.

Dodgson (3) D with ten brothers and sisters in an isolated rural village. The Dodgson children had few friends outside the (4) A, but, from an early (5) C, Charles showed a talent for inventing games to (6) A them happy. One such game was producing the "Rectory Magazines", which the whole family was supposed to (7) D to, although Charles actually wrote most of the material.

Charles later became a lecturer in Mathematics at Christchurch College, Oxford, and he (8) B well with the Dean of the College, Henry Liddell. Charles, who always found it easy to talk to children, (9) C a lot of time with Liddell's young daughters, Alice, Lorina and Edith. To (10) A Alice Liddell and her sisters, he used to (11) C stories for them, and one of these was the story which was to become *Alice in Wonderland*. Alice Liddell liked it so much that she (12) A him to write it out for her. He did so, and quite by (13) B it was read by a visiting novelist, who encouraged Mrs Liddell to persuade Charles to publish it. The book (14) B in 1865, and by the time of Dodgson's death in 1898 it had become the most (15) B children's book in England.

0	A	B	C	D
1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D

0	A	memorised	B	remembered	C	recalled	D	reminded
1	A	following	B	series	C	sequel	D	result
2	A	same	B	like	C	similar	D	alike
3	A	went up	B	brought up	C	lived up	D	grew up
4	A	family	B	relatives	C	cousins	D	couple
5	A	time	B	year	C	age	D	date
6	A	keep	B	hold	C	put	D	set
7	A	offer	B	support	C	share	D	contribute
8	A	put back	B	turned out	C	stared up	D	got on
9	A	lost	B	made	C	spat	D	saved
10	A	amuse	B	enjoy	C	laugh	D	joke
11	A	call up	B	set up	C	make up	D	wrote up
12	A	asked	B	warned	C	questioned	D	advised
13	A	means	B	chance	C	fortune	D	odds
14	A	got out	B	brought out	C	came out	D	found out
15	A	favourite	B	popular	C	lovely	D	friendly

MULTIPLE

CHOICE

II.

Bananas

The banana (0) B in Asia, and until about 1860 bananas were eaten largely by the people of the tropics. At that time, (1) C in Europe and the United States realised that exporting bananas could be (2) D. They founded companies and established large (3) A banana plantations. The first plantations were difficult to build and the banana companies had to (4) A huge areas of jungle, drain the swampy coastal regions and (5) A roads, railways and communication facilities. They also built villages for their workers and established steamship lines to transport bananas (6) A the world.

Bananas grow in hot, damp climates. If they are (7) C on the tree, bananas ripen after five or six months. When (8) D ripe, the fruit fall to the ground, and they must be eaten at once or they will (9) C. That is why bananas which will be exported are (10) A after about three months, while still green.

They are transported to their (11) D by ship, in special containers which are kept at a (12) B temperature. When they arrive, they are put into ripening rooms and a small quantity of a gas called ethylene is (13) A to the air in the rooms. This helps the bananas to ripen and, (14) C the following days, the green bananas gradually turn yellow with brown specks. They are then (15) B to be eaten and are sent to the markets.

0	A	B	C	D
1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D

0	A	started	B	originated	C	descended	D	initiated
1	A	salesmen	B	accountants	C	merchants	D	managers
2	A	valuable	B	rich	C	expensive	D	profitable
3	A	industrial	B	commercial	C	financial	D	economical
4	A	clear	B	empty	C	clean	D	remove
5	A	manufacture	B	construct	C	produce	D	assemble
6	A	around	B	over	C	through	D	across
7	A	let	B	stayed	C	left	D	remained
8	A	purely	B	accurately	C	immediately	D	completely
9	A	damage	B	ruin	C	spoil	D	sour
10	A	picked	B	cropped	C	pulled	D	plucked
11	A	direction	B	station	C	journey	D	destination
12	A	small	B	low	C	cold	D	little
13	A	added	B	mixed	C	put	D	poured
14	A	before	B	by	C	during	D	while
15	A	enough	B	ready	C	ripe	D	prepared